CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 1482

Chapter 222, Laws of 2021

67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

COMMON INTEREST COMMUNITIES—FORECLOSURE

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 10, 2021—Except for sections 2, 4, 6, and 8, which take effect January 1, 2024.

Passed by the House April 22, 2021 CERTIFICATE Yeas 97 Nays 0 I, Bernard Dean, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the LAURIE JINKINS State of Washington, do hereby Speaker of the House of certify that the attached is ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 1482 as passed Representatives by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth. Passed by the Senate April 5, 2021 Yeas 48 Nays 0 BERNARD DEAN Chief Clerk DENNY HECK President of the Senate Approved May 10, 2021 3:18 PM FILED May 10, 2021

JAY INSLEE State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 1482

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2021 Regular Session

State of Washington 67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

By Representatives Walsh, Orwall, Lekanoff, Leavitt, Sutherland, Jacobsen, Dufault, and Pollet

Read first time 02/04/21. Referred to Committee on Civil Rights & Judiciary.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to foreclosure protections for homeowners in
- 2 common interest communities; amending RCW 64.90.485, 64.90.485,
- 3 64.32.200, 64.32.200, 64.34.364, 64.34.364, and 64.38.---; adding a
- 4 new section to chapter 64.38 RCW; providing an effective date;
- 5 providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 7 **Sec. 1.** RCW 64.90.485 and 2019 c 238 s 211 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 (1) The association has a statutory lien on each unit for any 10 unpaid assessment against the unit from the time such assessment is 11 due.
- 12 (2) A lien under this section has priority over all other liens 13 and encumbrances on a unit except:
- 14 (a) Liens and encumbrances recorded before the recordation of the 15 declaration and, in a cooperative, liens and encumbrances that the 16 association creates, assumes, or takes subject to;
- 17 (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) of this section, a security interest on the unit recorded before the date on which the unpaid assessment became due or, in a cooperative, a security interest encumbering only the unit owner's interest and

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- 1 perfected before the date on which the unpaid assessment became due; 2 and
 - (c) Liens for real estate taxes and other state or local governmental assessments or charges against the unit or cooperative.
 - (3) (a) A lien under this section also has priority over the security interests described in subsection (2) (b) of this section to the extent of an amount equal to the following:
 - (i) The common expense assessments, excluding any amounts for capital improvements, based on the periodic budget adopted by the association pursuant to RCW 64.90.480(1), along with any specially allocated assessments that are properly assessable against the unit under such periodic budget, which would have become due in the absence of acceleration during the six months immediately preceding the institution of proceedings to foreclose either the association's lien or a security interest described in subsection (2)(b) of this section;
 - (ii) The association's actual costs and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred in foreclosing its lien but incurred after the giving of the notice described in (a)(iii) of this subsection; provided, however, that the costs and reasonable attorneys' fees that will have priority under this subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall not exceed two thousand dollars or an amount equal to the amounts described in (a)(i) of this subsection, whichever is less;
 - (iii) The amounts described in (a)(ii) of this subsection shall be prior only to the security interest of the holder of a security interest on the unit recorded before the date on which the unpaid assessment became due and only if the association has given that holder not less than sixty days' prior written notice that the owner of the unit is in default in payment of an assessment. The notice shall contain:
 - (A) Name of the borrower;

- (B) Recording date of the trust deed or mortgage;
- (C) Recording information;
- 34 (D) Name of condominium, unit owner, and unit designation stated 35 in the declaration or applicable supplemental declaration;
 - (E) Amount of unpaid assessment; and
- 37 (F) A statement that failure to, within sixty days of the written 38 notice, submit the association payment of six months of assessments 39 as described in (a)(i) of this subsection will result in the priority 40 of the amounts described in (a)(ii) of this subsection; and

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- (iv) Upon payment of the amounts described in (a)(i) and (ii) of this subsection by the holder of a security interest, the association's lien described in this subsection (3)(a) shall thereafter be fully subordinated to the lien of such holder's security interest on the unit.
 - (b) For the purposes of this subsection:

- (i) "Institution of proceedings" means either:
- 8 (A) The date of recording of a notice of trustee's sale by a deed 9 of trust beneficiary;
 - (B) The date of commencement, pursuant to applicable court rules, of an action for judicial foreclosure either by the association or by the holder of a recorded security interest; or
 - (C) The date of recording of a notice of intention to forfeit in a real estate contract forfeiture proceeding by the vendor under a real estate contract.
 - (ii) "Capital improvements" does not include making, in the ordinary course of management, repairs to common elements or replacements of the common elements with substantially similar items, subject to: (A) Availability of materials and products, (B) prevailing law, or (C) sound engineering and construction standards then prevailing.
 - (c) The adoption of a periodic budget that purports to allocate to a unit any fines, late charges, interest, attorneys' fees and costs incurred for services unrelated to the foreclosure of the association's lien, other collection charges, or specially allocated assessments assessed under RCW 64.90.480 (6) or (7) does not cause any such items to be included in the priority amount affecting such unit.
 - (4) Subsections (2) and (3) of this section do not affect the priority of mechanics' or material suppliers' liens to the extent that law of this state other than chapter 277, Laws of 2018 gives priority to such liens, or the priority of liens for other assessments made by the association.
 - (5) A lien under this section is not subject to chapter 6.13 RCW.
 - (6) If the association forecloses its lien under this section nonjudicially pursuant to chapter 61.24 RCW, as provided under subsection (13) of this section, the association is not entitled to the lien priority provided for under subsection (3) of this section, and is subject to the limitations on deficiency judgments as provided in chapter 61.24 RCW.

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(7) Unless the declaration provides otherwise, if two or more associations have liens for assessments created at any time on the same property, those liens have equal priority as to each other, and any foreclosure of one such lien shall not affect the lien of the other.

- (8) Recording of the declaration constitutes record notice and perfection of the statutory lien created under this section. Further notice or recordation of any claim of lien for assessment under this section is not required, but is not prohibited.
- (9) A lien for unpaid assessments and the personal liability for payment of those assessments are extinguished unless proceedings to enforce the lien or collect the debt are instituted within six years after the full amount of the assessments sought to be recovered becomes due.
- (10) This section does not prohibit actions against unit owners to recover sums for which subsection (1) of this section creates a lien or prohibit an association from taking a deed in lieu of foreclosure.
- (11) The association upon written request must furnish to a unit owner or a mortgagee a statement signed by an officer or authorized agent of the association setting forth the amount of unpaid assessments or the priority amount against that unit, or both. The statement must be furnished within fifteen days after receipt of the request and is binding on the association, the board, and every unit owner unless, and to the extent, known by the recipient to be false. The liability of a recipient who reasonably relies upon the statement must not exceed the amount set forth in any statement furnished pursuant to this section or RCW 64.90.640(1)(b).
- (12) In a cooperative, upon nonpayment of an assessment on a unit, the unit owner may be evicted in the same manner as provided by law in the case of an unlawful holdover by a commercial tenant, and the lien may be foreclosed as provided under this section.
- 33 (13) The association's lien may be foreclosed in accordance with 34 (a) and (b) of this subsection.
 - (a) In a common interest community other than a cooperative, the association's lien may be foreclosed judicially in accordance with chapter 61.12 RCW, subject to any rights of redemption under chapter 6.23 RCW.
- 39 (b) The lien may be enforced nonjudicially in the manner set 40 forth in chapter 61.24 RCW for nonjudicial foreclosure of deeds of

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- trust if the declaration: Contains a grant of the common interest 1 community in trust to a trustee qualified under RCW 61.24.010 to 2 secure the obligations of the unit owners to the association for the 3 payment of assessments, contains a power of sale, provides in its 4 terms that the units are not used principally for agricultural 5 6 purposes, and provides that the power of sale is operative in the 7 case of a default in the obligation to pay assessments. The association or its authorized representative may purchase the unit at 8 the foreclosure sale and acquire, hold, lease, mortgage, or convey 9 the unit. Upon an express waiver in the complaint of any right to a 10 11 deficiency judgment in a judicial foreclosure action, the period of 12 redemption is eight months.
 - (c) In a cooperative in which the unit owners' interests in the units are real estate, the association's lien must be foreclosed in like manner as a mortgage on real estate or by power of sale under (b) of this subsection.

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- 17 (d) In a cooperative in which the unit owners' interests in the 18 units are personal property, the association's lien must be 19 foreclosed in like manner as a security interest under chapter 62A.9A 20 RCW.
- 21 (14) If the unit owner's interest in a unit in a cooperative is 22 real estate, the following requirements apply:
 - The association, upon nonpayment of assessments compliance with this subsection, may sell that unit at a public sale or by private negotiation, and at any time and place. The association must give to the unit owner and any lessee of the unit owner reasonable notice in a record of the time, date, and place of any public sale or, if a private sale is intended, of the intention of entering into a contract to sell and of the time and date after which a private conveyance may be made. Such notice must also be sent to any other person that has a recorded interest in the unit that would be cut off by the sale, but only if the recorded interest was on record seven weeks before the date specified in the notice as the date of any public sale or seven weeks before the date specified in the notice as the date after which a private sale may be made. The notices required under this subsection may be sent to any address reasonable in the circumstances. A sale may not be held until five weeks after the sending of the notice. The association may buy at any public sale and, if the sale is conducted by a fiduciary or other person not related to the association, at a private sale.

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- 1 (b) Unless otherwise agreed to or as stated in this section, the 2 unit owner is liable for any deficiency in a foreclosure sale.
 - (c) The proceeds of a foreclosure sale must be applied in the following order:
 - (i) The reasonable expenses of sale;

- (ii) The reasonable expenses of securing possession before sale; the reasonable expenses of holding, maintaining, and preparing the unit for sale, including payment of taxes and other governmental charges and premiums on insurance; and, to the extent provided for by agreement between the association and the unit owner, reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and other legal expenses incurred by the association;
 - (iii) Satisfaction of the association's lien;
- 14 (iv) Satisfaction in the order of priority of any subordinate 15 claim of record; and
 - (v) Remittance of any excess to the unit owner.
 - (d) A good-faith purchaser for value acquires the unit free of the association's debt that gave rise to the lien under which the foreclosure sale occurred and any subordinate interest, even though the association or other person conducting the sale failed to comply with this section. The person conducting the sale must execute a conveyance to the purchaser sufficient to convey the unit and stating that it is executed by the person after a foreclosure of the association's lien by power of sale and that the person was empowered to make the sale. Signature and title or authority of the person signing the conveyance as grantor and a recital of the facts of nonpayment of the assessment and of the giving of the notices required under this subsection are sufficient proof of authority is not required even though the association is named as grantee in the conveyance.
 - (e) At any time before the association has conveyed a unit in a cooperative or entered into a contract for its conveyance under the power of sale, the unit owners or the holder of any subordinate security interest may cure the unit owner's default and prevent sale or other conveyance by tendering the performance due under the security agreement, including any amounts due because of exercise of a right to accelerate, plus the reasonable expenses of proceeding to foreclosure incurred to the time of tender, including reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of the creditor.

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(15) In an action by an association to collect assessments or to foreclose a lien on a unit under this section, the court may appoint a receiver to collect all sums alleged to be due and owing to a unit owner before commencement or during pendency of the action. The receivership is governed under chapter 7.60 RCW. During pendency of the action, the court may order the receiver to pay sums held by the receiver to the association for any assessments against the unit. The exercise of rights under this subsection by the association does not affect the priority of preexisting liens on the unit.

- (16) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, the holder of a mortgage or other purchaser of a unit who obtains the right of possession of the unit through foreclosure is not liable for assessments or installments of assessments that became due prior to such right of possession. Such unpaid assessments are deemed to be common expenses collectible from all the unit owners, including such mortgagee or other purchaser of the unit. Foreclosure of a mortgage does not relieve the prior unit owner of personal liability for assessments accruing against the unit prior to the date of such sale as provided in this subsection.
- assessment is the joint and several obligation of the unit, each assessment is the joint and several obligation of the unit owner of the unit to which the same are assessed as of the time the assessment is due. A unit owner may not exempt himself or herself from liability for assessments. In a voluntary conveyance other than by foreclosure, the grantee of a unit is jointly and severally liable with the grantor for all unpaid assessments against the grantor up to the time of the grantor's conveyance, without prejudice to the grantee's right to recover from the grantor the amounts paid by the grantee. Suit to recover a personal judgment for any delinquent assessment is maintainable in any court of competent jurisdiction without foreclosing or waiving the lien securing such sums.
- (18) The association may from time to time establish reasonable late charges and a rate of interest to be charged, not to exceed the maximum rate calculated under RCW 19.52.020, on all subsequent delinquent assessments or installments of assessments. If the association does not establish such a rate, delinquent assessments bear interest from the date of delinquency at the maximum rate calculated under RCW 19.52.020 on the date on which the assessments became delinquent.

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- (19) The association is entitled to recover any costs and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred in connection with the collection of delinquent assessments, whether or not such collection activities result in a suit being commenced or prosecuted to judgment. The prevailing party is also entitled to recover costs and reasonable attorneys' fees in such suits, including any appeals, if it prevails on appeal and in the enforcement of a judgment.
- (20) To the extent not inconsistent with this section, the declaration may provide for such additional remedies for collection of assessments as may be permitted by law.
- (21) An association may not commence an action to foreclose a lien on a unit under this section unless:
- 13 (a) The unit owner, at the time the action is commenced, owes <u>at</u>
 14 <u>least</u> a sum equal to ((at least three months of common expense
 15 assessments)) the greater of:
 - (i) Three months or more of assessments, not including fines, late charges, interest, attorneys' fees, or costs incurred by the association in connection with the collection of a delinquent owner's account; or
 - (ii) \$200 of assessments, not including fines, late charges, interest, attorneys' fees, or costs incurred by the association in connection with the collection of a delinquent owner's account;
 - (b) At or after the date that assessments have become past due for at least 90 days, the association has mailed, by first-class mail, to the owner, at the unit address and to any other address which the owner has provided to the association, a notice of delinquency, which shall state as follows:

28 THIS IS A NOTICE OF DELINQUENCY FOR PAST DUE ASSESSMENTS 29 FROM THE UNIT OWNERS' ASSOCIATION TO WHICH YOUR HOME BELONGS.

- 30 THIS NOTICE IS ONE STEP IN A PROCESS THAT COULD RESULT IN YOUR LOSING
 31 YOUR HOME.
- 32 CONTACT A HOUSING COUNSELOR OR AN ATTORNEY LICENSED IN WASHINGTON NOW
- 33 to assess your situation and refer you to mediation if you might
- 34 benefit. **DO NOT DELAY**.

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- 35 **BE CAREFUL** of people who claim they can help you. There are many
- 36 individuals and businesses that prey upon borrowers in distress.
- 37 **REFER TO THE CONTACTS BELOW** for sources of assistance.

38 SEEKING ASSISTANCE

- 1 Housing counselors and legal assistance may be available at little or no cost to you. If you would like assistance in determining 2 3 your rights and opportunities to keep your house, you may contact the following: 4
- The statewide foreclosure hotline for assistance and referral to 5 6 housing counselors recommended by the Housing Finance Commission
- 7 Telephone: Website:
- The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development 8
- Telephone: Website: 9
- The statewide civil legal aid hotline for assistance and 10
- 11 referrals to other housing counselors and attorneys
- Telephone: Website: 12
- 13 The association shall obtain the toll-free numbers and website
- information from the department of commerce for inclusion in the 14
- 15 notice;

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- 16 (c) At least 180 days have elapsed from the date the minimum 17 amount required in (a) of this subsection has accrued; and
- 18 $((\frac{b}{b}))$ <u>(d)</u> The board approves commencement of a foreclosure 19 action specifically against that unit.
- (22) Every aspect of a collection, foreclosure, sale, or other 20 21 conveyance under this section, including the method, advertising, time, date, place, and terms, must be commercially reasonable. 22
- 23 **Sec. 2.** RCW 64.90.485 and 2021 c ... s 1 (section 1 of this act) 24 are each amended to read as follows:
- 25 (1) The association has a statutory lien on each unit for any 26 unpaid assessment against the unit from the time such assessment is 27 due.
- 28 (2) A lien under this section has priority over all other liens 29 and encumbrances on a unit except:
 - (a) Liens and encumbrances recorded before the recordation of the declaration and, in a cooperative, liens and encumbrances that the association creates, assumes, or takes subject to;
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) of this 33 section, a security interest on the unit recorded before the date on 34 35 which the unpaid assessment became due or, in a cooperative, a security interest encumbering only the unit owner's interest and 36 37 perfected before the date on which the unpaid assessment became due; 38 and

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- 1 (c) Liens for real estate taxes and other state or local 2 governmental assessments or charges against the unit or cooperative.
 - (3) (a) A lien under this section also has priority over the security interests described in subsection (2) (b) of this section to the extent of an amount equal to the following:
 - (i) The common expense assessments, excluding any amounts for capital improvements, based on the periodic budget adopted by the association pursuant to RCW 64.90.480(1), along with any specially allocated assessments that are properly assessable against the unit under such periodic budget, which would have become due in the absence of acceleration during the six months immediately preceding the institution of proceedings to foreclose either the association's lien or a security interest described in subsection (2)(b) of this section;
 - (ii) The association's actual costs and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred in foreclosing its lien but incurred after the giving of the notice described in (a)(iii) of this subsection; provided, however, that the costs and reasonable attorneys' fees that will have priority under this subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall not exceed two thousand dollars or an amount equal to the amounts described in (a)(i) of this subsection, whichever is less;
 - (iii) The amounts described in (a)(ii) of this subsection shall be prior only to the security interest of the holder of a security interest on the unit recorded before the date on which the unpaid assessment became due and only if the association has given that holder not less than sixty days' prior written notice that the owner of the unit is in default in payment of an assessment. The notice shall contain:
 - (A) Name of the borrower;

- (B) Recording date of the trust deed or mortgage;
- (C) Recording information;
- 32 (D) Name of condominium, unit owner, and unit designation stated 33 in the declaration or applicable supplemental declaration;
 - (E) Amount of unpaid assessment; and
 - (F) A statement that failure to, within sixty days of the written notice, submit the association payment of six months of assessments as described in (a)(i) of this subsection will result in the priority of the amounts described in (a)(ii) of this subsection; and
- (iv) Upon payment of the amounts described in (a)(i) and (ii) of this subsection by the holder of a security interest, the

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- association's lien described in this subsection (3)(a) shall thereafter be fully subordinated to the lien of such holder's security interest on the unit.
 - (b) For the purposes of this subsection:

- (i) "Institution of proceedings" means either:
- 6 (A) The date of recording of a notice of trustee's sale by a deed 7 of trust beneficiary;
 - (B) The date of commencement, pursuant to applicable court rules, of an action for judicial foreclosure either by the association or by the holder of a recorded security interest; or
 - (C) The date of recording of a notice of intention to forfeit in a real estate contract forfeiture proceeding by the vendor under a real estate contract.
 - (ii) "Capital improvements" does not include making, in the ordinary course of management, repairs to common elements or replacements of the common elements with substantially similar items, subject to: (A) Availability of materials and products, (B) prevailing law, or (C) sound engineering and construction standards then prevailing.
 - (c) The adoption of a periodic budget that purports to allocate to a unit any fines, late charges, interest, attorneys' fees and costs incurred for services unrelated to the foreclosure of the association's lien, other collection charges, or specially allocated assessments assessed under RCW 64.90.480 (6) or (7) does not cause any such items to be included in the priority amount affecting such unit.
 - (4) Subsections (2) and (3) of this section do not affect the priority of mechanics' or material suppliers' liens to the extent that law of this state other than chapter 277, Laws of 2018 gives priority to such liens, or the priority of liens for other assessments made by the association.
 - (5) A lien under this section is not subject to chapter 6.13 RCW.
 - (6) If the association forecloses its lien under this section nonjudicially pursuant to chapter 61.24 RCW, as provided under subsection (13) of this section, the association is not entitled to the lien priority provided for under subsection (3) of this section, and is subject to the limitations on deficiency judgments as provided in chapter 61.24 RCW.
 - (7) Unless the declaration provides otherwise, if two or more associations have liens for assessments created at any time on the

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same property, those liens have equal priority as to each other, and any foreclosure of one such lien shall not affect the lien of the other.

- (8) Recording of the declaration constitutes record notice and perfection of the statutory lien created under this section. Further notice or recordation of any claim of lien for assessment under this section is not required, but is not prohibited.
- (9) A lien for unpaid assessments and the personal liability for payment of those assessments are extinguished unless proceedings to enforce the lien or collect the debt are instituted within six years after the full amount of the assessments sought to be recovered becomes due.
- (10) This section does not prohibit actions against unit owners to recover sums for which subsection (1) of this section creates a lien or prohibit an association from taking a deed in lieu of foreclosure.
- (11) The association upon written request must furnish to a unit owner or a mortgagee a statement signed by an officer or authorized agent of the association setting forth the amount of unpaid assessments or the priority amount against that unit, or both. The statement must be furnished within fifteen days after receipt of the request and is binding on the association, the board, and every unit owner unless, and to the extent, known by the recipient to be false. The liability of a recipient who reasonably relies upon the statement must not exceed the amount set forth in any statement furnished pursuant to this section or RCW 64.90.640(1)(b).
- (12) In a cooperative, upon nonpayment of an assessment on a unit, the unit owner may be evicted in the same manner as provided by law in the case of an unlawful holdover by a commercial tenant, and the lien may be foreclosed as provided under this section.
- 31 (13) The association's lien may be foreclosed in accordance with 32 (a) and (b) of this subsection.
 - (a) In a common interest community other than a cooperative, the association's lien may be foreclosed judicially in accordance with chapter 61.12 RCW, subject to any rights of redemption under chapter 6.23 RCW.
 - (b) The lien may be enforced nonjudicially in the manner set forth in chapter 61.24 RCW for nonjudicial foreclosure of deeds of trust if the declaration: Contains a grant of the common interest community in trust to a trustee qualified under RCW 61.24.010 to

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- secure the obligations of the unit owners to the association for the 1 payment of assessments, contains a power of sale, provides in its 2 terms that the units are not used principally for agricultural 3 purposes, and provides that the power of sale is operative in the 4 case of a default in the obligation to pay assessments. The 5 6 association or its authorized representative may purchase the unit at 7 the foreclosure sale and acquire, hold, lease, mortgage, or convey the unit. Upon an express waiver in the complaint of any right to a 8 deficiency judgment in a judicial foreclosure action, the period of 9 redemption is eight months. 10
 - (c) In a cooperative in which the unit owners' interests in the units are real estate, the association's lien must be foreclosed in like manner as a mortgage on real estate or by power of sale under (b) of this subsection.

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- (d) In a cooperative in which the unit owners' interests in the units are personal property, the association's lien must be foreclosed in like manner as a security interest under chapter 62A.9A RCW.
- (14) If the unit owner's interest in a unit in a cooperative is 20 real estate, the following requirements apply:
 - The association, upon nonpayment of assessments compliance with this subsection, may sell that unit at a public sale or by private negotiation, and at any time and place. The association must give to the unit owner and any lessee of the unit owner reasonable notice in a record of the time, date, and place of any public sale or, if a private sale is intended, of the intention of entering into a contract to sell and of the time and date after which a private conveyance may be made. Such notice must also be sent to any other person that has a recorded interest in the unit that would be cut off by the sale, but only if the recorded interest was on record seven weeks before the date specified in the notice as the date of any public sale or seven weeks before the date specified in the notice as the date after which a private sale may be made. The notices required under this subsection may be sent to any address reasonable in the circumstances. A sale may not be held until five weeks after the sending of the notice. The association may buy at any public sale and, if the sale is conducted by a fiduciary or other person not related to the association, at a private sale.
 - (b) Unless otherwise agreed to or as stated in this section, the unit owner is liable for any deficiency in a foreclosure sale.

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- 1 (c) The proceeds of a foreclosure sale must be applied in the following order:
 - (i) The reasonable expenses of sale;

- (ii) The reasonable expenses of securing possession before sale; the reasonable expenses of holding, maintaining, and preparing the unit for sale, including payment of taxes and other governmental charges and premiums on insurance; and, to the extent provided for by agreement between the association and the unit owner, reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and other legal expenses incurred by the association;
- (iii) Satisfaction of the association's lien;
- 12 (iv) Satisfaction in the order of priority of any subordinate 13 claim of record; and
 - (v) Remittance of any excess to the unit owner.
 - (d) A good-faith purchaser for value acquires the unit free of the association's debt that gave rise to the lien under which the foreclosure sale occurred and any subordinate interest, even though the association or other person conducting the sale failed to comply with this section. The person conducting the sale must execute a conveyance to the purchaser sufficient to convey the unit and stating that it is executed by the person after a foreclosure of the association's lien by power of sale and that the person was empowered to make the sale. Signature and title or authority of the person signing the conveyance as grantor and a recital of the facts of nonpayment of the assessment and of the giving of the notices required under this subsection are sufficient proof of authority is not required even though the association is named as grantee in the conveyance.
 - (e) At any time before the association has conveyed a unit in a cooperative or entered into a contract for its conveyance under the power of sale, the unit owners or the holder of any subordinate security interest may cure the unit owner's default and prevent sale or other conveyance by tendering the performance due under the security agreement, including any amounts due because of exercise of a right to accelerate, plus the reasonable expenses of proceeding to foreclosure incurred to the time of tender, including reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of the creditor.
- 39 (15) In an action by an association to collect assessments or to 40 foreclose a lien on a unit under this section, the court may appoint

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a receiver to collect all sums alleged to be due and owing to a unit owner before commencement or during pendency of the action. The receivership is governed under chapter 7.60 RCW. During pendency of the action, the court may order the receiver to pay sums held by the receiver to the association for any assessments against the unit. The exercise of rights under this subsection by the association does not affect the priority of preexisting liens on the unit.

- (16) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, the holder of a mortgage or other purchaser of a unit who obtains the right of possession of the unit through foreclosure is not liable for assessments or installments of assessments that became due prior to such right of possession. Such unpaid assessments are deemed to be common expenses collectible from all the unit owners, including such mortgagee or other purchaser of the unit. Foreclosure of a mortgage does not relieve the prior unit owner of personal liability for assessments accruing against the unit prior to the date of such sale as provided in this subsection.
- (17) In addition to constituting a lien on the unit, each assessment is the joint and several obligation of the unit owner of the unit to which the same are assessed as of the time the assessment is due. A unit owner may not exempt himself or herself from liability for assessments. In a voluntary conveyance other than by foreclosure, the grantee of a unit is jointly and severally liable with the grantor for all unpaid assessments against the grantor up to the time of the grantor's conveyance, without prejudice to the grantee's right to recover from the grantor the amounts paid by the grantee. Suit to recover a personal judgment for any delinquent assessment is maintainable in any court of competent jurisdiction without foreclosing or waiving the lien securing such sums.
- (18) The association may from time to time establish reasonable late charges and a rate of interest to be charged, not to exceed the maximum rate calculated under RCW 19.52.020, on all subsequent delinquent assessments or installments of assessments. If the association does not establish such a rate, delinquent assessments bear interest from the date of delinquency at the maximum rate calculated under RCW 19.52.020 on the date on which the assessments became delinquent.
- (19) The association is entitled to recover any costs and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred in connection with the collection of delinquent assessments, whether or not such collection activities

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- result in a suit being commenced or prosecuted to judgment. The prevailing party is also entitled to recover costs and reasonable attorneys' fees in such suits, including any appeals, if it prevails on appeal and in the enforcement of a judgment.
- 5 (20) To the extent not inconsistent with this section, the 6 declaration may provide for such additional remedies for collection 7 of assessments as may be permitted by law.
- 8 (21) An association may not commence an action to foreclose a 9 lien on a unit under this section unless:
- 10 (a) The unit owner, at the time the action is commenced, owes at 11 least a sum equal to the greater of:
 - (i) Three months or more of assessments, not including fines, late charges, interest, attorneys' fees, or costs incurred by the association in connection with the collection of a delinquent owner's account; or
 - (ii) \$200 of assessments, not including fines, late charges, interest, attorneys' fees, or costs incurred by the association in connection with the collection of a delinquent owner's account;
- 19 (b) At or after the date that assessments have become past due 20 for at least 90 days, the association has mailed, by first-class 21 mail, to the owner, at the unit address and to any other address 22 which the owner has provided to the association, a notice of 23 delinquency, which shall state as follows:
- 24 THIS IS A NOTICE OF DELINQUENCY FOR PAST DUE ASSESSMENTS 25 FROM THE UNIT OWNERS' ASSOCIATION TO WHICH YOUR HOME BELONGS.
- 26 THIS NOTICE IS ONE STEP IN A PROCESS THAT COULD RESULT IN YOUR LOSING YOUR HOME.
- 28 CONTACT A HOUSING COUNSELOR OR AN ATTORNEY LICENSED IN WASHINGTON NOW
- 29 to assess your situation and refer you to mediation if you might
- 30 benefit. **DO NOT DELAY**.
- 31 **BE CAREFUL** of people who claim they can help you. There are many
- 32 individuals and businesses that prey upon borrowers in distress.
- 33 REFER TO THE CONTACTS BELOW for sources of assistance.
- 34 SEEKING ASSISTANCE
- Housing counselors and legal assistance may be available at
- 36 little or no cost to you. If you would like assistance in determining
- 37 your rights and opportunities to keep your house, you may contact the
- 38 following:

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- The statewide foreclosure hotline for assistance and referral to housing counselors recommended by the Housing Finance Commission
- 3 Telephone: Website:
- 4 The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development
- 5 Telephone: Website:
- 6 The statewide civil legal aid hotline for assistance and
- 7 referrals to other housing counselors and attorneys
- 8 Telephone: Website:

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- 9 The association shall obtain the toll-free numbers and website 10 information from the department of commerce for inclusion in the 11 notice;
- 12 (c) At least ((180)) 90 days have elapsed from the date the 13 minimum amount required in (a) of this subsection has accrued; and
- 14 (d) The board approves commencement of a foreclosure action specifically against that unit.
- 16 (22) Every aspect of a collection, foreclosure, sale, or other 17 conveyance under this section, including the method, advertising, 18 time, date, place, and terms, must be commercially reasonable.
- 19 **Sec. 3.** RCW 64.32.200 and 2012 c 117 s 201 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
 - (1) The declaration may provide for the collection of all sums assessed by the association of apartment owners for the share of the common expenses chargeable to any apartment and the collection may be enforced in any manner provided in the declaration including, but not limited to, (a) ten days notice shall be given the delinquent apartment owner to the effect that unless such assessment is paid within ten days any or all utility services will be forthwith severed and shall remain severed until such assessment is paid, or (b) collection of such assessment may be made by such lawful method of enforcement, judicial or extra-judicial, as may be provided in the declaration and/or bylaws.
 - (2) All sums assessed by the association of apartment owners but unpaid for the share of the common expenses chargeable to any apartment shall constitute a lien on such apartment prior to all other liens except only (a) tax liens on the apartment in favor of any assessing unit and/or special district, and (b) all sums unpaid on all mortgages of record. Such lien is not subject to the ban against execution or forced sales of homesteads under RCW 6.13.080

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- 1 and, subject to the provisions in subsection (4) of this section, may be foreclosed by suit by the manager or board of directors, acting on 2 3 behalf of the apartment owners, in like manner as a mortgage of real property. In any such foreclosure the apartment owner shall be 4 required to pay a reasonable rental for the apartment, if so provided 5 in the bylaws, and the plaintiff in such foreclosures shall be 6 entitled to the appointment of a receiver to collect the same. The 7 manager or board of directors, acting on behalf of the apartment 8 owners, shall have power, unless prohibited by the declaration, to 9 bid on the apartment at foreclosure sale, and to acquire and hold, 10 11 lease, mortgage, and convey the same. Upon an express waiver in the 12 complaint of any right to a deficiency judgment, the period of redemption shall be eight months after the sale. Suit to recover any 13 14 judgment for any unpaid common expenses shall be maintainable without foreclosing or waiving the liens securing the same. 15
 - (3) Where the mortgagee of a mortgage of record or other purchaser of an apartment obtains possession of the apartment as a result of foreclosure of the mortgage, such possessor, his or her successors and assigns shall not be liable for the share of the common expenses or assessments by the association of apartment owners chargeable to such apartment which became due prior to such possession. Such unpaid share of common expenses of assessments shall be deemed to be common expenses collectible from all of the apartment owners including such possessor, his or her successors and assigns.

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- (4) An association, or the manager or board of directors on its behalf, may not commence an action to foreclose a lien on an apartment under this section unless:
- (a) The apartment owner, at the time the action is commenced, owes at least a sum equal to the greater of:
- (i) Three months or more of assessments, not including fines,
 late charges, interest, attorneys' fees, or costs incurred by the
 association in connection with the collection of a delinquent owner's
 account; or
 - (ii) \$200 of assessments, not including fines, late charges, interest, attorneys' fees, or costs incurred by the association in connection with the collection of a delinquent owner's account;
- 37 <u>(b) At or after the date that assessments have become past due</u>
 38 <u>for at least 90 days, the association has mailed, by first-class</u>
 39 mail, to the owner, at the apartment address and to any other address

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- 1 which the owner has provided to the association, a notice of 2 delinguency, which shall state as follows: 3 THIS IS A NOTICE OF DELINQUENCY FOR PAST DUE ASSESSMENTS 4 FROM THE APARTMENT OWNERS' ASSOCIATION TO WHICH YOUR HOME BELONGS. 5 THIS NOTICE IS ONE STEP IN A PROCESS THAT COULD RESULT IN YOUR LOSING 6 YOUR HOME. 7 CONTACT A HOUSING COUNSELOR OR AN ATTORNEY LICENSED IN WASHINGTON NOW to assess your situation and refer you to mediation if you might 8 9 benefit. DO NOT DELAY. 10 BE CAREFUL of people who claim they can help you. There are many individuals and businesses that prey upon borrowers in distress. 11 REFER TO THE CONTACTS BELOW for sources of assistance. 12 13 SEEKING ASSISTANCE Housing counselors and legal assistance may be available at 14 little or no cost to you. If you would like assistance in determining 15 16 your rights and opportunities to keep your house, you may contact the 17 following: The statewide foreclosure hotline for assistance and referral to 18 housing counselors recommended by the Housing Finance Commission 19 20 Telephone: Website: 21 The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development Telephone: Website: 22 The statewide civil legal aid hotline for assistance and 23 referrals to other housing counselors and attorneys 24 25 Telephone: Website: 26 The association shall obtain the toll-free numbers and website 27 information from the department of commerce for inclusion in the 28 notice; (c) At least 180 days have elapsed from the date the minimum 29 amount required in (a) of this subsection has accrued; and (d) The board approves commencement of a foreclosure action
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- 31 specifically against that apartment. 32
- (5) Every aspect of a collection, foreclosure, sale, or other 33 conveyance under this section, including the method, advertising, 34 35 time, date, place, and terms, must be commercially reasonable.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 64.32.200 and 2021 c ... s 3 (section 3 of this act) 36 37 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The declaration may provide for the collection of all sums assessed by the association of apartment owners for the share of the common expenses chargeable to any apartment and the collection may be enforced in any manner provided in the declaration including, but not limited to, (a) ten days notice shall be given the delinquent apartment owner to the effect that unless such assessment is paid within ten days any or all utility services will be forthwith severed and shall remain severed until such assessment is paid, or (b) collection of such assessment may be made by such lawful method of enforcement, judicial or extra-judicial, as may be provided in the declaration and/or bylaws.

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- (2) All sums assessed by the association of apartment owners but unpaid for the share of the common expenses chargeable to any apartment shall constitute a lien on such apartment prior to all other liens except only (a) tax liens on the apartment in favor of any assessing unit and/or special district, and (b) all sums unpaid on all mortgages of record. Such lien is not subject to the ban against execution or forced sales of homesteads under RCW 6.13.080 and, subject to the provisions in subsection (4) of this section, may be foreclosed by suit by the manager or board of directors, acting on behalf of the apartment owners, in like manner as a mortgage of real property. In any such foreclosure the apartment owner shall be required to pay a reasonable rental for the apartment, if so provided in the bylaws, and the plaintiff in such foreclosures shall be entitled to the appointment of a receiver to collect the same. The manager or board of directors, acting on behalf of the apartment owners, shall have power, unless prohibited by the declaration, to bid on the apartment at foreclosure sale, and to acquire and hold, lease, mortgage, and convey the same. Upon an express waiver in the complaint of any right to a deficiency judgment, the period of redemption shall be eight months after the sale. Suit to recover any judgment for any unpaid common expenses shall be maintainable without foreclosing or waiving the liens securing the same.
- (3) Where the mortgagee of a mortgage of record or other purchaser of an apartment obtains possession of the apartment as a result of foreclosure of the mortgage, such possessor, his or her successors and assigns shall not be liable for the share of the common expenses or assessments by the association of apartment owners chargeable to such apartment which became due prior to such possession. Such unpaid share of common expenses of assessments shall

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- be deemed to be common expenses collectible from all of the apartment owners including such possessor, his or her successors and assigns.
 - (4) An association, or the manager or board of directors on its behalf, may not commence an action to foreclose a lien on an apartment under this section unless:
 - (a) The apartment owner, at the time the action is commenced, owes at least a sum equal to the greater of:
 - (i) Three months or more of assessments, not including fines, late charges, interest, attorneys' fees, or costs incurred by the association in connection with the collection of a delinquent owner's account; or
 - (ii) \$200 of assessments, not including fines, late charges, interest, attorneys' fees, or costs incurred by the association in connection with the collection of a delinquent owner's account;
- 15 (b) At or after the date that assessments have become past due 16 for at least 90 days, the association has mailed, by first-class 17 mail, to the owner, at the apartment address and to any other address 18 which the owner has provided to the association, a notice of 19 delinquency, which shall state as follows:
- 20 THIS IS A NOTICE OF DELINQUENCY FOR PAST DUE ASSESSMENTS
 21 FROM THE APARTMENT OWNERS' ASSOCIATION TO WHICH YOUR HOME BELONGS.
- 22 THIS NOTICE IS ONE STEP IN A PROCESS THAT COULD RESULT IN YOUR LOSING YOUR HOME.
- 24 CONTACT A HOUSING COUNSELOR OR AN ATTORNEY LICENSED IN WASHINGTON NOW
- 25 to assess your situation and refer you to mediation if you might
- 26 benefit. **DO NOT DELAY**.

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- 27 **BE CAREFUL** of people who claim they can help you. There are many
- 28 individuals and businesses that prey upon borrowers in distress.
- 29 **REFER TO THE CONTACTS BELOW** for sources of assistance.

30 SEEKING ASSISTANCE

- Housing counselors and legal assistance may be available at little or no cost to you. If you would like assistance in determining your rights and opportunities to keep your house, you may contact the following:
- 35 The statewide foreclosure hotline for assistance and referral to 36 housing counselors recommended by the Housing Finance Commission
- 37 Telephone: Website:
- 38 The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development
- 39 Telephone: Website:

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- 1 The statewide civil legal aid hotline for assistance and 2 referrals to other housing counselors and attorneys
- 3 Telephone: Website:

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- 4 The association shall obtain the toll-free numbers and website 5 information from the department of commerce for inclusion in the 6 notice;
 - (c) At least ((180)) <u>90</u> days have elapsed from the date the minimum amount required in (a) of this subsection has accrued; and
- 9 (d) The board approves commencement of a foreclosure action 10 specifically against that apartment.
- 11 (5) Every aspect of a collection, foreclosure, sale, or other 12 conveyance under this section, including the method, advertising, 13 time, date, place, and terms, must be commercially reasonable.
- 14 **Sec. 5.** RCW 64.34.364 and 2013 c 23 s 175 are each amended to 15 read as follows:
- 16 (1) The association has a lien on a unit for any unpaid 17 assessments levied against a unit from the time the assessment is 18 due.
 - (2) A lien under this section shall be prior to all other liens and encumbrances on a unit except: (a) Liens and encumbrances recorded before the recording of the declaration; (b) a mortgage on the unit recorded before the date on which the assessment sought to be enforced became delinquent; and (c) liens for real property taxes and other governmental assessments or charges against the unit. A lien under this section is not subject to the provisions of chapter 6.13 RCW.
 - (3) Except as provided in subsections (4) and (5) of this section, the lien shall also be prior to the mortgages described in subsection (2)(b) of this section to the extent of assessments for common expenses, excluding any amounts for capital improvements, based on the periodic budget adopted by the association pursuant to RCW 64.34.360(1) which would have become due during the six months immediately preceding the date of a sheriff's sale in an action for judicial foreclosure by either the association or a mortgagee, the date of a trustee's sale in a nonjudicial foreclosure by a mortgagee, or the date of recording of the declaration of forfeiture in a proceeding by the vendor under a real estate contract.

(4) The priority of the association's lien against units encumbered by a mortgage held by an eligible mortgagee or by a mortgagee which has given the association a written request for a notice of delinquent assessments shall be reduced by up to three months if and to the extent that the lien priority under subsection (3) of this section includes delinquencies which relate to a period after such holder becomes an eligible mortgagee or has given such notice and before the association gives the holder a written notice of the delinquency. This subsection does not affect the priority of mechanics' or material suppliers' liens, or the priority of liens for other assessments made by the association.

- (5) If the association forecloses its lien under this section nonjudicially pursuant to chapter 61.24 RCW, as provided by subsection (9) of this section, the association shall not be entitled to the lien priority provided for under subsection (3) of this section.
- (6) Unless the declaration otherwise provides, if two or more associations have liens for assessments created at any time on the same real estate, those liens have equal priority.
- (7) Recording of the declaration constitutes record notice and perfection of the lien for assessments. While no further recording of any claim of lien for assessment under this section shall be required to perfect the association's lien, the association may record a notice of claim of lien for assessments under this section in the real property records of any county in which the condominium is located. Such recording shall not constitute the written notice of delinquency to a mortgagee referred to in subsection (2) of this section.
- (8) A lien for unpaid assessments and the personal liability for payment of assessments is extinguished unless proceedings to enforce the lien or collect the debt are instituted within three years after the amount of the assessments sought to be recovered becomes due.
- (9) The lien arising under this section may be enforced judicially by the association or its authorized representative in the manner set forth in chapter 61.12 RCW. The lien arising under this section may be enforced nonjudicially in the manner set forth in chapter 61.24 RCW for nonjudicial foreclosure of deeds of trust if the declaration (a) contains a grant of the condominium in trust to a trustee qualified under RCW 61.24.010 to secure the obligations of the unit owners to the association for the payment of assessments,

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(b) contains a power of sale, (c) provides in its terms that the units are not used principally for agricultural or farming purposes, and (d) provides that the power of sale is operative in the case of a default in the obligation to pay assessments. The association or its authorized representative shall have the power, unless prohibited by the declaration, to purchase the unit at the foreclosure sale and to acquire, hold, lease, mortgage, or convey the same. Upon an express waiver in the complaint of any right to a deficiency judgment in a judicial foreclosure action, the period of redemption shall be eight months. Nothing in this section shall prohibit an association from taking a deed in lieu of foreclosure.

- (10) From the time of commencement of an action by the association to foreclose a lien for nonpayment of delinquent assessments against a unit that is not occupied by the owner thereof, the association shall be entitled to the appointment of a receiver to collect from the lessee thereof the rent for the unit as and when due. If the rental is not paid, the receiver may obtain possession of the unit, refurbish it for rental up to a reasonable standard for rental units in this type of condominium, rent the unit or permit its rental to others, and apply the rents first to the cost of the receivership and attorneys' fees thereof, then to the cost of refurbishing the unit, then to applicable charges, then to costs, fees, and charges of the foreclosure action, and then to the payment of the delinquent assessments. Only a receiver may take possession and collect rents under this subsection, and a receiver shall not be appointed less than ninety days after the delinquency. The exercise by the association of the foregoing rights shall not affect the priority of preexisting liens on the unit.
- (11) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, the holder of a mortgage or other purchaser of a unit who obtains the right of possession of the unit through foreclosure shall not be liable for assessments or installments thereof that became due prior to such right of possession. Such unpaid assessments shall be deemed to be common expenses collectible from all the unit owners, including such mortgagee or other purchaser of the unit. Foreclosure of a mortgage does not relieve the prior owner of personal liability for assessments accruing against the unit prior to the date of such sale as provided in this subsection.
- (12) In addition to constituting a lien on the unit, each assessment shall be the joint and several obligation of the owner or

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owners of the unit to which the same are assessed as of the time the assessment is due. In a voluntary conveyance, the grantee of a unit shall be jointly and severally liable with the grantor for all unpaid assessments against the grantor up to the time of the grantor's conveyance, without prejudice to the grantee's right to recover from the grantor the amounts paid by the grantee therefor. Suit to recover a personal judgment for any delinquent assessment shall be maintainable in any court of competent jurisdiction without foreclosing or waiving the lien securing such sums.

- (13) The association may from time to time establish reasonable late charges and a rate of interest to be charged on all subsequent delinquent assessments or installments thereof. In the absence of another established nonusurious rate, delinquent assessments shall bear interest from the date of delinquency at the maximum rate permitted under RCW 19.52.020 on the date on which the assessments became delinquent.
- (14) The association shall be entitled to recover any costs and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred in connection with the collection of delinquent assessments, whether or not such collection activities result in suit being commenced or prosecuted to judgment. In addition, the association shall be entitled to recover costs and reasonable attorneys' fees if it prevails on appeal and in the enforcement of a judgment.
- (15) The association upon written request shall furnish to a unit owner or a mortgagee a statement signed by an officer or authorized agent of the association setting forth the amount of unpaid assessments against that unit. The statement shall be furnished within fifteen days after receipt of the request and is binding on the association, the board of directors, and every unit owner, unless and to the extent known by the recipient to be false.
- (16) To the extent not inconsistent with this section, the declaration may provide for such additional remedies for collection of assessments as may be permitted by law.
- 34 <u>(17) An association may not commence an action to foreclose a</u> 35 <u>lien on a unit under this section unless:</u>
- 36 <u>(a) The unit owner, at the time the action is commenced, owes at</u>
 37 <u>least a sum equal to the greater of:</u>
- (i) Three months or more of assessments, not including fines,
 39 late charges, interest, attorneys' fees, or costs incurred by the

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1	association in connection with the collection of a delinquent owner's
2	account; or
3	(ii) \$200 of assessments, not including fines, late charges,
4	interest, attorneys' fees, or costs incurred by the association in
5	connection with the collection of a delinquent owner's account;
6	(b) At or after the date that assessments have become past due
7	for at least 90 days, the association has mailed, by first-class
8	mail, to the owner, at the unit address and to any other address
9	which the owner has provided to the association, a notice of
10	delinquency, which shall state as follows:
11	THIS IS A NOTICE OF DELINQUENCY FOR PAST DUE ASSESSMENTS
12	FROM THE UNIT OWNERS' ASSOCIATION TO WHICH YOUR HOME BELONGS.
13	THIS NOTICE IS ONE STEP IN A PROCESS THAT COULD RESULT IN YOUR LOSING
14	YOUR HOME.
15	CONTACT A HOUSING COUNSELOR OR AN ATTORNEY LICENSED IN WASHINGTON NOW
16	to assess your situation and refer you to mediation if you might
17	benefit. DO NOT DELAY.
18	BE CAREFUL of people who claim they can help you. There are many
19	individuals and businesses that prey upon borrowers in distress.
20	REFER TO THE CONTACTS BELOW for sources of assistance.
21	SEEKING ASSISTANCE
22	Housing counselors and legal assistance may be available at
23	little or no cost to you. If you would like assistance in determining
24	your rights and opportunities to keep your house, you may contact the
25	<pre>following:</pre>
26	The statewide foreclosure hotline for assistance and referral to
27	housing counselors recommended by the Housing Finance Commission
28	Telephone: Website:
29	The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development
30	Telephone: Website:
31	The statewide civil legal aid hotline for assistance and
32	referrals to other housing counselors and attorneys
33	Telephone: Website:
34	The association shall obtain the toll-free numbers and website
35	information from the department of commerce for inclusion in the
36	<pre>notice;</pre>
37	(c) At least 180 days have elapsed from the date the minimum
38	amount required in (a) of this subsection has accrued; and

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- 1 (d) The board approves commencement of a foreclosure action 2 specifically against that unit.
- 3 (18) Every aspect of a collection, foreclosure, sale, or other 4 conveyance under this section, including the method, advertising, 5 time, date, place, and terms, must be commercially reasonable.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 64.34.364 and 2021 c ... s 5 (section 5 of this act) 7 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) The association has a lien on a unit for any unpaid assessments levied against a unit from the time the assessment is due.
 - (2) A lien under this section shall be prior to all other liens and encumbrances on a unit except: (a) Liens and encumbrances recorded before the recording of the declaration; (b) a mortgage on the unit recorded before the date on which the assessment sought to be enforced became delinquent; and (c) liens for real property taxes and other governmental assessments or charges against the unit. A lien under this section is not subject to the provisions of chapter 6.13 RCW.
 - (3) Except as provided in subsections (4) and (5) of this section, the lien shall also be prior to the mortgages described in subsection (2)(b) of this section to the extent of assessments for common expenses, excluding any amounts for capital improvements, based on the periodic budget adopted by the association pursuant to RCW 64.34.360(1) which would have become due during the six months immediately preceding the date of a sheriff's sale in an action for judicial foreclosure by either the association or a mortgagee, the date of a trustee's sale in a nonjudicial foreclosure by a mortgagee, or the date of recording of the declaration of forfeiture in a proceeding by the vendor under a real estate contract.
 - (4) The priority of the association's lien against units encumbered by a mortgage held by an eligible mortgagee or by a mortgagee which has given the association a written request for a notice of delinquent assessments shall be reduced by up to three months if and to the extent that the lien priority under subsection (3) of this section includes delinquencies which relate to a period after such holder becomes an eligible mortgagee or has given such notice and before the association gives the holder a written notice of the delinquency. This subsection does not affect the priority of

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mechanics' or material suppliers' liens, or the priority of liens for other assessments made by the association.

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- (5) If the association forecloses its lien under this section nonjudicially pursuant to chapter 61.24 RCW, as provided by subsection (9) of this section, the association shall not be entitled to the lien priority provided for under subsection (3) of this section.
- (6) Unless the declaration otherwise provides, if two or more associations have liens for assessments created at any time on the same real estate, those liens have equal priority.
- (7) Recording of the declaration constitutes record notice and perfection of the lien for assessments. While no further recording of any claim of lien for assessment under this section shall be required to perfect the association's lien, the association may record a notice of claim of lien for assessments under this section in the real property records of any county in which the condominium is located. Such recording shall not constitute the written notice of delinquency to a mortgagee referred to in subsection (2) of this section.
- (8) A lien for unpaid assessments and the personal liability for payment of assessments is extinguished unless proceedings to enforce the lien or collect the debt are instituted within three years after the amount of the assessments sought to be recovered becomes due.
- lien arising under this section may be The judicially by the association or its authorized representative in the manner set forth in chapter 61.12 RCW. The lien arising under this section may be enforced nonjudicially in the manner set forth in chapter 61.24 RCW for nonjudicial foreclosure of deeds of trust if the declaration (a) contains a grant of the condominium in trust to a trustee qualified under RCW 61.24.010 to secure the obligations of the unit owners to the association for the payment of assessments, (b) contains a power of sale, (c) provides in its terms that the units are not used principally for agricultural or farming purposes, and (d) provides that the power of sale is operative in the case of a default in the obligation to pay assessments. The association or its authorized representative shall have the power, unless prohibited by the declaration, to purchase the unit at the foreclosure sale and to acquire, hold, lease, mortgage, or convey the same. Upon an express waiver in the complaint of any right to a deficiency judgment in a judicial foreclosure action, the period of redemption shall be eight

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months. Nothing in this section shall prohibit an association from taking a deed in lieu of foreclosure.

- (10) From the time of commencement of an action by the association to foreclose a lien for nonpayment of delinquent assessments against a unit that is not occupied by the owner thereof, the association shall be entitled to the appointment of a receiver to collect from the lessee thereof the rent for the unit as and when due. If the rental is not paid, the receiver may obtain possession of the unit, refurbish it for rental up to a reasonable standard for rental units in this type of condominium, rent the unit or permit its rental to others, and apply the rents first to the cost of the receivership and attorneys' fees thereof, then to the cost of refurbishing the unit, then to applicable charges, then to costs, fees, and charges of the foreclosure action, and then to the payment of the delinquent assessments. Only a receiver may take possession and collect rents under this subsection, and a receiver shall not be appointed less than ninety days after the delinquency. The exercise by the association of the foregoing rights shall not affect the priority of preexisting liens on the unit.
 - (11) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, the holder of a mortgage or other purchaser of a unit who obtains the right of possession of the unit through foreclosure shall not be liable for assessments or installments thereof that became due prior to such right of possession. Such unpaid assessments shall be deemed to be common expenses collectible from all the unit owners, including such mortgagee or other purchaser of the unit. Foreclosure of a mortgage does not relieve the prior owner of personal liability for assessments accruing against the unit prior to the date of such sale as provided in this subsection.
 - (12) In addition to constituting a lien on the unit, each assessment shall be the joint and several obligation of the owner or owners of the unit to which the same are assessed as of the time the assessment is due. In a voluntary conveyance, the grantee of a unit shall be jointly and severally liable with the grantor for all unpaid assessments against the grantor up to the time of the grantor's conveyance, without prejudice to the grantee's right to recover from the grantor the amounts paid by the grantee therefor. Suit to recover a personal judgment for any delinquent assessment shall be maintainable in any court of competent jurisdiction without foreclosing or waiving the lien securing such sums.

(13) The association may from time to time establish reasonable late charges and a rate of interest to be charged on all subsequent delinquent assessments or installments thereof. In the absence of another established nonusurious rate, delinquent assessments shall bear interest from the date of delinquency at the maximum rate permitted under RCW 19.52.020 on the date on which the assessments became delinquent.

- (14) The association shall be entitled to recover any costs and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred in connection with the collection of delinquent assessments, whether or not such collection activities result in suit being commenced or prosecuted to judgment. In addition, the association shall be entitled to recover costs and reasonable attorneys' fees if it prevails on appeal and in the enforcement of a judgment.
- (15) The association upon written request shall furnish to a unit owner or a mortgagee a statement signed by an officer or authorized agent of the association setting forth the amount of unpaid assessments against that unit. The statement shall be furnished within fifteen days after receipt of the request and is binding on the association, the board of directors, and every unit owner, unless and to the extent known by the recipient to be false.
- (16) To the extent not inconsistent with this section, the declaration may provide for such additional remedies for collection of assessments as may be permitted by law.
 - (17) An association may not commence an action to foreclose a lien on a unit under this section unless:
 - (a) The unit owner, at the time the action is commenced, owes at least a sum equal to the greater of:
 - (i) Three months or more of assessments, not including fines, late charges, interest, attorneys' fees, or costs incurred by the association in connection with the collection of a delinquent owner's account; or
 - (ii) \$200 of assessments, not including fines, late charges, interest, attorneys' fees, or costs incurred by the association in connection with the collection of a delinquent owner's account;
- 36 (b) At or after the date that assessments have become past due 37 for at least 90 days, the association has mailed, by first-class 38 mail, to the owner, at the unit address and to any other address 39 which the owner has provided to the association, a notice of 40 delinquency, which shall state as follows:

- 1 THIS IS A NOTICE OF DELINQUENCY FOR PAST DUE ASSESSMENTS
 2 FROM THE UNIT OWNERS' ASSOCIATION TO WHICH YOUR HOME BELONGS.
 3 THIS NOTICE IS ONE STEP IN A PROCESS THAT COULD RESULT IN YOUR LOSING
 4 YOUR HOME.
 5 CONTACT A HOUSING COUNSELOR OR AN ATTORNEY LICENSED IN WASHINGTON NOW
 6 to assess your situation and refer you to mediation if you might
- 8 **BE CAREFUL** of people who claim they can help you. There are many individuals and businesses that prey upon borrowers in distress.
- 10 **REFER TO THE CONTACTS BELOW** for sources of assistance.

11 SEEKING ASSISTANCE

benefit. DO NOT DELAY.

- Housing counselors and legal assistance may be available at little or no cost to you. If you would like assistance in determining your rights and opportunities to keep your house, you may contact the following:
- The statewide foreclosure hotline for assistance and referral to housing counselors recommended by the Housing Finance Commission
- 18 Telephone: Website:
- 19 The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development
- Telephone: Website:
- 21 The statewide civil legal aid hotline for assistance and
- 22 referrals to other housing counselors and attorneys
- Telephone: Website:
- 24 The association shall obtain the toll-free numbers and website
- 25 information from the department of commerce for inclusion in the
- 26 notice;

- 27 (c) At least ((180)) 90 days have elapsed from the date the
- 28 minimum amount required in (a) of this subsection has accrued; and
- 29 (d) The board approves commencement of a foreclosure action 30 specifically against that unit.
- 31 (18) Every aspect of a collection, foreclosure, sale, or other 32 conveyance under this section, including the method, advertising,
- 33 time, date, place, and terms, must be commercially reasonable.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 64.38
- 35 RCW to read as follows:
- 36 (1) If the governing documents of an association provide for a
- 37 lien on the lot of any owner for unpaid assessments, the association
- 38 may not commence an action to foreclose the lien unless:

- 1 (a) The lot owner, at the time the action is commenced, owes at least a sum equal to the greater of:
 - (i) Three months or more of assessments, not including fines, late charges, interest, attorneys' fees, or costs incurred by the association in connection with the collection of a delinquent owner's account; or
 - (ii) \$200 of assessments, not including fines, late charges, interest, attorneys' fees, or costs incurred by the association in connection with the collection of a delinquent owner's account;
- 10 (b) At or after the date that assessments have become past due 11 for at least 90 days, the association has mailed, by first-class 12 mail, to the owner, at the lot address and to any other address which 13 the owner has provided to the association, a notice of delinquency, 14 which shall state as follows:
- 15 THIS IS A NOTICE OF DELINQUENCY FOR PAST DUE ASSESSMENTS
- 16 FROM THE HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION TO WHICH YOUR HOME BELONGS.
- 17 THIS NOTICE IS ONE STEP IN A PROCESS THAT COULD RESULT IN YOUR LOSING YOUR HOME.
- 19 CONTACT A HOUSING COUNSELOR OR AN ATTORNEY LICENSED IN WASHINGTON NOW
- 20 to assess your situation and refer you to mediation if you might
- 21 benefit. **DO NOT DELAY**.

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- 22 **BE CAREFUL** of people who claim they can help you. There are many
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25 SEEKING ASSISTANCE

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- The statewide foreclosure hotline for assistance and referral to housing counselors recommended by the Housing Finance Commission
- 32 Telephone: Website:
- 33 The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development
- 34 Telephone: Website:
- 35 The statewide civil legal aid hotline for assistance and
- 36 referrals to other housing counselors and attorneys
- 37 Telephone: Website:

- The association shall obtain the toll-free numbers and website information from the department of commerce for inclusion in the notice;
- 4 (c) At least 180 days have elapsed from the date the minimum 5 amount required in (a) of this subsection has accrued; and
- 6 (d) The board approves commencement of a foreclosure action 7 specifically against that lot.
- 8 (2) Every aspect of a collection, foreclosure, sale, or other 9 conveyance under this section, including the method, advertising, 10 time, date, place, and terms, must be commercially reasonable.
- Sec. 8. RCW 64.38.--- and 2021 c ... s 7 (section 7 of this act)
 are each amended to read as follows:
- 13 (1) If the governing documents of an association provide for a 14 lien on the lot of any owner for unpaid assessments, the association 15 may not commence an action to foreclose the lien unless:
- 16 (a) The lot owner, at the time the action is commenced, owes at least a sum equal to the greater of:
- 18 (i) Three months or more of assessments, not including fines, 19 late charges, interest, attorneys' fees, or costs incurred by the 20 association in connection with the collection of a delinquent owner's 21 account; or
- (ii) \$200 of assessments, not including fines, late charges, interest, attorneys' fees, or costs incurred by the association in connection with the collection of a delinquent owner's account;
 - (b) At or after the date that assessments have become past due for at least 90 days, the association has mailed, by first-class mail, to the owner, at the lot address and to any other address which the owner has provided to the association, a notice of delinquency, which shall state as follows:
- 30 THIS IS A NOTICE OF DELINQUENCY FOR PAST DUE ASSESSMENTS
- FROM THE HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION TO WHICH YOUR HOME BELONGS.

 THIS NOTICE IS ONE STEP IN A PROCESS THAT COULD RESULT IN YOUR LOSING
- 32 THIS NOTICE IS ONE STEP IN A PROCESS THAT COULD RESULT IN YOUR LOSING YOUR HOME.
- 34 CONTACT A HOUSING COUNSELOR OR AN ATTORNEY LICENSED IN WASHINGTON NOW
- 35 to assess your situation and refer you to mediation if you might
- 36 benefit. **DO NOT DELAY**.

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- 38 individuals and businesses that prey upon borrowers in distress.

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1 REFER TO THE CONTACTS BELOW for sources of assistance.

2 SEEKING ASSISTANCE

3 Housing counselors and legal assistance may be available at 4 little or no cost to you. If you would like assistance in determining

- 5 your rights and opportunities to keep your house, you may contact the
- 6 following:
- 7 The statewide foreclosure hotline for assistance and referral to
- 8 housing counselors recommended by the Housing Finance Commission
- 9 Telephone: Website:
- 10 The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development
- 11 Telephone: Website:
- 12 The statewide civil legal aid hotline for assistance and
- 13 referrals to other housing counselors and attorneys
- 14 Telephone: Website:
- 15 The association shall obtain the toll-free numbers and website
- 16 information from the department of commerce for inclusion in the
- 17 notice;
- 18 (c) At least ((180)) <u>90</u> days have elapsed from the date the
- 19 minimum amount required in (a) of this subsection has accrued; and
- 20 (d) The board approves commencement of a foreclosure action
- 21 specifically against that lot.
- 22 (2) Every aspect of a collection, foreclosure, sale, or other
- 23 conveyance under this section, including the method, advertising,
- 24 time, date, place, and terms, must be commercially reasonable.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. Sections 1, 3, 5, and 7 of this act expire
- 26 January 1, 2024.
- 27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** Sections 2, 4, 6, and 8 of this act take
- 28 effect January 1, 2024.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. Sections 1, 3, 5, and 7 of this act are
- 30 necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health,
- 31 or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public
- 32 institutions, and take effect immediately.

Passed by the House April 22, 2021.

Passed by the Senate April 5, 2021.

Approved by the Governor May 10, 2021.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 10, 2021.

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